

Material Safety Data Sheet



Date of issue 24 August 2013

Version 3

1. Product and company identification

Product name : ULTRAX 93D
Code : UT93D
Supplier : Pretreatment and Specialty Products
23000 St. Clair Avenue
Euclid, OH 44117
Emergency telephone number : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)
01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)
Technical Phone Number : 1-800-627-6015 (PPG PRETREATMENT & SPECIALTY PRODUCTS)
8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. EST

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview : DANGER!
☒ HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN BURNS. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : May be harmful if inhaled. Irritating to respiratory system. Can irritate eyes, nose, mouth and throat. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion : Harmful or fatal if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Skin : Corrosive to the skin. Causes burns. Harmful in contact with skin.
Eyes : Corrosive to eyes. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains
Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	5 - 10
Silicic acid, sodium salt	1344-09-8	1 - 5
Undecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	34398-01-1	1 - 5
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -phosphono- ω -(methylphenoxy)-, potassium salt (1:2)	66057-30-5	1 - 5
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	1 - 5
sodium nitrite	7632-00-0	1 - 5
etidronic acid	2809-21-4	0.5 - 1.5
2-ethylhexanoic acid	149-57-5	0.1 - 1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon oxides
nitrogen oxides
phosphorus oxides
metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

6. Accidental release measures

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not store below the following temperature: 32F / 0C.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Name	Result	ACGIH	OSHA	Ontario	Mexico	IPEL
Potassium hydroxide	STEL	2 mg/m ³ C	Not established	2 mg/m ³ C	Not established	Not established
2-ethylhexanoic acid	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Not established	5 mg/m ³	Not established	Not established

Key to abbreviations

A	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	= Potential skin absorption
ACGIH	= American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR	= Respiratory sensitization
C	= Ceiling Limit	SS	= Skin sensitization
F	= Fume	STEL	= Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD	= Total dust
OSHA	= Occupational Safety and Health Administration.	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	= Time Weighted Average
Z	= OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances		

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Personal protection**
- Eyes** : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Gloves** : nitrile, neoprene
- Respiratory** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: Not applicable.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- pH** : 13.5
- Boiling/condensation point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Specific gravity** : 1.14
- Density (lbs / gal)** : 9.51
- Vapor pressure** : 2.3 kPa (17.5 mm Hg) [room temperature]
- Vapor density** : Not available.
- Volatility** : 87% (v/v), 77.89% (w/w)
- Evaporation rate** : 0.36 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- % Solid. (w/w)** : 22.11

10 . Stability and reactivity

- Stability** : The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid increased storage temperature. Pressure hazard
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:.,acids,oxidizing materials,strong alkalis
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
- Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11 . Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Potassium hydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	273 mg/kg	-
Silicic acid, sodium salt	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.1 g/kg	-
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.18 g/kg	-
sodium nitrite	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.085 g/kg	-
etidronic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	2400 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.26 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Target organs

- : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin.
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, eye, lens or cornea.

Developmental effects : Contains material which may cause developmental abnormalities, based on animal data.

12 . Ecological information

Environmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Silicic acid, sodium salt	Acute LC50 494000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Undecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	Acute LC50 3900 to 5000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2100 to 2500 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	Acute LC50 8500 to 12000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2686 to 3523 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
sodium nitrite	Acute LC50 110 to 130 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

13 . Disposal considerations

Waste disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14 . Transport information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Additional information
UN	3266	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (potassium hydroxide)	8	II	-
IMDG	3266	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (potassium hydroxide)	8	II	-
DOT	3266	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (potassium hydroxide)	8	II	Reportable quantity 6410.3 lbs / 2910.3 kg [675.37 gal / 2556.6 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

PG* : Packing group

Reportable quantity RQ : CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: sodium hydroxide: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); potassium hydroxide: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); sodium nitrite: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg);

15 . Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory (DSL) : All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory (REACH) : Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.

Japan inventory (ENCS) : Not determined.

Korea inventory (KECI) : All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand (NZIoC) : Substance Use Restricted

Philippines inventory (PICCS) : All components are listed or exempted.

United States

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

Sodium nitrite Listed

SARA 302/304: Formaldehyde; ethylene oxide

15 . Regulatory information

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: sodium hydroxide: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); potassium hydroxide: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); sodium nitrite: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg);

SARA 311/312 SDS Distribution - Chemical Inventory - Hazard Identification:

Chemical name	CAS #	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Pressure
potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	Y	N	N	Y	N
Silicic acid, sodium salt	1344-09-8	Y	N	N	N	N
Undecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	34398-01-1	Y	N	N	N	N
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-phosphono-ω-(methylphenoxy)-, potassium salt (1:2)	66057-30-5	Y	N	N	N	N
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	Y	N	N	N	N
sodium nitrite	7632-00-0	Y	N	N	Y	N
etidronic acid	2809-21-4	Y	N	N	Y	N
2-ethylhexanoic acid	149-57-5	Y	Y	N	N	N
Product as-supplied :		Y	Y	N	Y	N

SARA 313	Chemical name	CAS number	Concentration
Supplier notification	potassium hydroxide	7632-00-0	1 - 5

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class E: Corrosive liquid. Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Mexico

Classification

Flammability : 0 **Health** : 3 **Reactivity** : 1

16 . Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 * **Flammability** : 0 **Physical hazards** : 1

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 **Flammability** : 0 **Instability** : 1

Date of previous issue : 5/29/2011.

Organization that prepared the MSDS : EHS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

16 . Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.